

**REPUBLIQUE ALGERIENNE DEMOCRATIQUE ET POPULAIRE**  
**MINISTÈRE DE L'ENSEIGNEMENT SUPERIEUR ET DE LA RECHERCHE SCIENTIFIQUE**

**NOUVELLE**  
**OFFRE DE FORMATION D'INGENIEUR DE**  
**SPECIALITE**  
**(DU 3<sup>EME</sup> ANNÉE AU 5<sup>EME</sup> ANNÉE)**

Établissement	Faculté	Département
<b>Université de Blida1</b>	<b>Sciences</b>	<b>Informatique</b>

Domaine	Filière	Spécialité
<b>Mathématiques et Informatique</b>	<b>Informatique</b>	<b>Sécurité Informatique</b>

# الجمهورية الجزائرية الديمقراطية الشعبية

## وزارة التعليم العالي والبحث العلمي

جديد

### عرض تكوين مهندس متخصص (من السنة الثالثة إلى السنة الخامسة)

القسم	الكلية	المؤسسة
إعلام آلي	العلوم	جامعة البليدة 1

التخصص	الشعبة	الميدان
أمن المعلوماتية	إعلام آلي	رياضيات وإعلام آلي

السنة الجامعية: 2024/2025

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## I – Fiche d'identité de la formation.

### 1 – Localisation de la formation.

**Faculté : Sciences**

**Département : Informatique**

### 2- Partenaires<sup>1</sup> de la formation.

- Autres établissements universitaires :

- Entreprises et autres partenaires socio-économiques :

- Partenaires internationaux :

### 3- Contexte et objectifs de la formation.

#### A- Organisation générale de la formation : Position du projet.

**Formation de base du domaine : Maths & Informatique.**

**Filière : Informatique.**

**Tronc commun : Semestres 1, 2, 3 et 4.**



**Spécialité :**

**Sécurité Informatique.**

#### B- Objectifs de la formation.

Le monde de l'informatique étant en évolution constante, la présente offre de formation en Sécurité Informatique vise les principaux objectifs suivants :

- Former des ingénieurs possédant des compétences avancées en sécurité informatique, leur permettant de protéger les systèmes d'information, les réseaux et les données contre les menaces et les attaques. Les ingénieurs seront capables de concevoir et de mettre en œuvre des solutions de sécurité robustes pour garantir la confidentialité, l'intégrité et la disponibilité des informations.
- À travers cette formation, les étudiants acquerront des connaissances approfondies en cryptographie, en sécurité des réseaux, en sécurité des applications web, en sécurité des

<sup>1</sup> Présenter les conventions en annexe de la formation.

systèmes d'exploitation, et en gestion des risques. Ils seront également formés à l'utilisation des outils et des techniques de détection et de réponse aux incidents.

- Former des compétences permettant de développer des politiques et des procédures de sécurité pour les organisations, de réaliser des audits de sécurité, et de conseiller les entreprises sur les meilleures pratiques en matière de sécurité informatique. Les ingénieurs en sécurité informatique seront également capables de gérer les incidents de sécurité, de mener des enquêtes sur les violations de sécurité et de mettre en place des plans de reprise après sinistre.
- Des notions académiques approfondies seront enseignées aux étudiants, leur permettant également de poursuivre des études de post-graduation en sécurité informatique, en cybercriminalité ou dans des domaines connexes. Ils seront ainsi préparés à contribuer de manière significative à la recherche et au développement dans le domaine de la sécurité informatique.

#### **C- Profils et compétences visées..**

- Maîtriser les principes et les techniques de la sécurité informatique, y compris la cryptographie, la sécurité des réseaux, et la sécurité des systèmes.
- Savoir évaluer et gérer les risques liés à la sécurité informatique, y compris la mise en place de politiques de sécurité et la gestion des incidents de sécurité.
- Maîtriser les outils et les environnements technologiques actuels pour la sécurité informatique (pare-feu, systèmes de détection d'intrusion, VPN, etc.).
- Savoir concevoir et implémenter des architectures sécurisées pour les systèmes d'information.
- Maîtriser les techniques de sécurisation des applications, y compris les tests d'intrusion et les audits de sécurité.
- Savoir gérer les projets de sécurité informatique, de la planification à l'exécution, en respectant les normes et les meilleures pratiques du secteur.
- Être capable de former et sensibiliser les utilisateurs aux bonnes pratiques de sécurité informatique.
- Savoir répondre aux besoins des entreprises en matière de sécurité, en proposant des solutions adaptées et en assurant une veille technologique pour anticiper les nouvelles menaces.
- Maîtriser les nouvelles technologies et leur impact sur la sécurité des systèmes d'information de l'entreprise.
- Être capable de travailler en collaboration dans le cadre de projets de sécurité informatique, en utilisant des méthodologies agiles et des techniques de gestion de projet.

#### **D- Potentialités régionales et nationales d'employabilité.**

Les retombées de cette formation concernent aussi bien le contexte régional que le contexte national au vu des besoins immenses en matière de compétences dans le domaine de la sécurité

informatique (à tous les niveaux) pour le secteur économique public et privé. Les débouchés en matière d'employabilité concernent les profils suivants :

- Ingénieur en sécurité informatique,
- Analyste en sécurité informatique,
- Consultant en cybersécurité,
- Auditeur en sécurité informatique,
- Expert en cryptographie,
- Etc.

#### **E- Passerelles vers d'autres spécialités.**

Les passerelles peuvent se faire avec d'autres spécialités d'ingénieur en Informatique (Sécurité des systèmes et réseaux, Cybersécurité...) du fait que la formation actuelle en Sécurité Informatique renferme des crédits fondamentaux en sécurité des systèmes qui peuvent se faire valoir comme crédits d'autres spécialités en informatique.

#### **F- Indicateurs de suivi de la formation.**

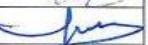
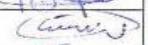
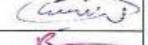
- Comités pédagogiques,
- Réunions-bilans périodiques,
- Suivi du placement des étudiants dans le secteur économique

#### **G- Capacités d'encadrement.**

Le nombre d'étudiants qu'il est possible de prendre en charge : 40 à 50.

## 4- Moyens humains disponibles.

*Enseignants intervenants dans la spécialité.*

Euseignant	Diplôme graduation + Spécialité	Diplôme Post graduation + Spécialité	Grade	Type d'intervention	Emargement
ABED HAFIDA	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Doctorat d'Etat Informatique	PROF	Cours TD + Encadrement	
ARKAM MERIEM	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
AROUSSI SANA	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
BACHA SIHEM	Master en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MCB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
BALA MAHFOUD	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Doctorat Informatique	MCB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
BENAISI SALAMI	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
BENYAHIA MOHAMED	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
BERRAMDANE DJAMILA	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
BEY FELLA	Master en informatique	Doctorat LMD en Informatique	MAB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
BOUMAHDI FATIMA	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Doctorat Informatique	MCB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
BOUSTIA NARIHMENE	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Doctorat Informatique	PROF	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
BOUTOUMI BACHIRA	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
CHERFA IMENE	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
ERIF ZAHAR SID AMED AMI	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
CHERIGUENE SOURAYA	Master en informatique	Doctorat LMD en Informatique	MAB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
CHIKHI FATEH NACIM	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Doctorat en Intelligence Artificielle	MCA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
CHIKHI IMENE	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
DJEDDAR AFRAH	Master en informatique	Doctorat LMD en Informatique	MCB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
DOUGA YASSINE	Master en informatique	Doctorat LMD en Informatique	MCB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
FAREH MESSAOUDA	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Doctorat Informatique	MCB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
FERFERA SOFIANE	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
GHEBGHOUB YASMINE	Master en informatique	Doctorat LMD en Informatique	MCB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
GUESSOUM DALILA	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
HADJ HENNI MALIKA	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
HAMMOUDA MOHAMED	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
AMECHE ABDALLAH HICHA	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
LAHIANI NESRINE	Master en informatique	Doctorat LMD en Informatique	MAB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
MANCER YASMINE	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
MESKALDJ KHOULOUD	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
MEZZI MELYARA	Master en informatique	Doctorat LMD en Informatique	MCB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
NASRI AHLEM	Master en informatique	Doctorat LMD en Informatique	MAB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
NEHAL DJILALI	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	

OUAHRANI LEILA	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
OUKID LAMIA	Master en informatique	Doctorat LMD en Informatique	MCB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
OUKID SALIHA	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Doctorat Informatique nouveau système	PROF	Cours + Encadrement	
OULD AISSA AHMED	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	ASSISTANT	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
OULD KHAOUA MOHAMED	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Doctorat Informatique	PROF	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
TOUBALINE NESRINE	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Doctorat Informatique	MCB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
YKHLIF HADJER	Master en informatique	Doctorat LMD en Informatique	MCB	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	
ZAHRA FATMA ZOHRA	Ingénieur d'état en informatique	Magistère Informatique	MAA	Cours TD +TP + Encadrement	

**B : Encadrement Externe :****Etablissement de rattachement :**

<b>Nom, prénom</b>	<b>Diplôme graduation + Spécialité</b>	<b>Diplôme Post graduation + Spécialité</b>	<b>Grade</b>	<b>Type d'intervention *</b>	<b>Emargement</b>

**C- Synthèse globale des ressources humaines mobilisées pour la spécialité.**

<b>Grade</b>	<b>Effectif Interne</b>	<b>Effectif Externe</b>	<b>Total</b>
Professeur	4		
Maître de Conférences (A)	5		
Maître de Conférences (B)	18		
Maître Assistant (A)	19		
Maître Assistant (B)	0		
Autres <sup>2</sup>			
<b>Total</b>	<b>46</b>		

<sup>2</sup> Personnel technique et de soutien.

## **5- Moyens matériels spécifiques disponibles.**

### **A- Laboratoires pédagogiques et équipements.**

#### **Laboratoire de TP du département d'Informatique**

**Capacité en étudiants :**

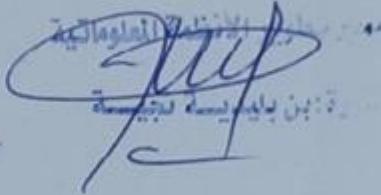
<b>N°</b>	<b>Intitulé de l'équipement</b>	<b>Nombre</b>	<b>observations</b>
01	Câbles de paires torsadées souple	500m	
02	Câbles de paires torsadées rigide	2000 m	
03	Fibre optique Monomode	1000 m	
04	Connecteurs RJ45	500	
05	Connecteurs FO ST/SC	50	
06	Pince à sertir RJ45/RJ11	5	
07	Valise pour Collage Fibre Optique	3	
08	Valise pour Sertissage Paire Torsadée	1	
09	Fusionneuse de Fibre Optique	1	
10	PABX 4/16	1	
11	Modem Analogique externes	4	
12	Convertisseurs 100Base FX/100 Base TX	3	
13	Convertisseurs 1000 Base LX/1000 Base TX	3	
14	Testeurs Connexion RJ45	1	
15	Prise Murales RJ45	20	
16	Compatible PC + Onduleurs (en Réseau)	24	
17	Serveur	1	

### **B- Terrains de stage et formations en entreprise.**

<b>Lieu du stage</b>	<b>Nombre d'étudiants</b>	<b>Durée du stage</b>
Département d'Informatique, U. Blida 1	10	03 Mois
Elit, Oued Smar, Alger	10	03 Mois
CDTA, Baba Hassen	10	03 Mois
CERIST, Alger	10	03 Mois

### C- Laboratoire de recherche de soutien à la formation.

<b>Chef du laboratoire</b>
<b>N° Agrément du laboratoire</b>
Avis du chef de laboratoire :
Université Saad Dahlab de Blida Laboratoire de Recherche Pour Le Développement des Systèmes Informatis - Date :



### D- Projets de recherche de soutien à la formation.

Intitulé du projet de recherche	Code du projet	Date du début du projet	Date de fin du projet
Représentation et raisonnement des connaissances à partir des données liées	C00L07UN090120220001	Janvier 2022	Décembre 2025
Architectures neuronales pour la détection visuelle/textuelle du cancer du sein à partir des données massives	C00L07UN090120220002	Janvier 2022	Décembre 2025
Sécurité des réseaux sociaux	C00L07UN090120220003	Janvier 2022	Décembre 2025

## **II- Fiche d'organisation semestrielle des enseignements.**

**1- Semestre 5.**

Unités d'Enseignement	VHS	VH Hebdomadaire				Coeff.	Crédits	Mode d'évaluation	
	14 Sem.	Cours	TD	TP	Travail Personnel			Continu	Examen
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Fondamentale (UEF)</b>									
<b>UEF51 :</b>	<b>126h</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>6h</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>10</b>		
Mathematical Tools for Cryptography		1h30	1h30	1h30	3h	4	6	50%	50%
Operational Research		1h30	1h30	1h30	3h	4	4	50%	50%
<b>UEF52 :</b>	<b>105h</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>1h30</b>	<b>6h</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>10</b>		
Compilation		1h30	1h30	1h30	3h	4	6	50%	50%
Software Engineering		1h30	1h30		3h	2	4	40%	60%
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Méthodologique (UEM)</b>									
<b>UEM5 :</b>	<b>84h</b>	<b>3h</b>		<b>3h</b>	<b>6h</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>7</b>		
Python Programming		1h30		1h30	3h	2	4	40%	60%
Web Development		1h30		1h30	3h	2	3	40%	60%
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Découverte (UED)</b>									
<b>UED5 :</b>	<b>42h</b>	<b>1h30</b>	<b>1h30</b>		<b>3h</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>		
Theory of Information and Coding		1h30	1h30		3h	1	2		100%
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Transversale (UET)</b>									
<b>UET5 :</b>	<b>21h</b>	<b>1h30</b>			<b>3h</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>		
Business Intelligence		1h30			3h	1	1		100%
<b>Total Semestre 5</b>	<b>378h</b>	<b>12h</b>	<b>7h30</b>	<b>7h30</b>	<b>24h</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>30</b>		

**2- Semestre 6.**

Unités d'Enseignement	VHS	VH Hebdomadaire				Coeff.	Crédits	Mode d'évaluation	
	14 Sem.	Cours	TD	TP	Travail Personnel			Continu	Examen
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Fondamentale (UEF)</b>									
<b>UEF61 :</b>	<b>126h</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>6h</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>12</b>		
Advanced Cryptography		1h30	1h30	1h30	3h	4	6	50%	50%
Modeling and Simulation		1h30	1h30	1h30	3h	3	6	50%	50%
<b>UEF62 :</b>	<b>105h</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>1h30</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>6h</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>8</b>		
Cloud Computing		1h30		1h30	3h	3	4	40%	60%
Advanced Databases		1h30	1h30	1h30	3h	3	4	50%	50%
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Méthodologique (UEM)</b>									
<b>UEM6 :</b>	<b>84h</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>1h30</b>	<b>1h30</b>	<b>6h</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>7</b>		
Mobile Development		1h30		1h30	3h	2	3	40%	60%
Digital Signal Processing		1h30	1h30	1h30	3h	3	4	50%	50%
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Découverte (UED)</b>									
<b>UED6 :</b>	<b>42h</b>	<b>1h30</b>	<b>1h30</b>		<b>3h</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>2</b>		
AI Notions and Principles		1h30	1h30		3h	1	2	40%	60%
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Transversale (UET)</b>									
<b>UET6 :</b>	<b>21h</b>	<b>1h30</b>			<b>3h</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>		
Startup and Professional Development		1h30			3h	1	1		100%
<b>Total Semestre 6</b>	<b>378h</b>	<b>12h</b>	<b>7h30</b>	<b>7h30</b>	<b>24h</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>30</b>		

### 3- Semestre 7.

Unités d'Enseignement	VHS	VH Hebdomadaire				Coeff.	Crédits	Mode d'évaluation	
	14 Sem.	Cours	TD	TP	Travail Personnel			Continu	Examen
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Fondamentale (UEF)</b>									
<b>UEF71 :</b>	<b>126h</b>	<b>4h30</b>	<b>1h30</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>10</b>		
Advanced Operating Systems		1h30		1h30	3h	3	5	40%	60%
Advanced Networks		3h	1h30	1h30		4	5	50%	50%
<b>UEF72 :</b>	<b>105h</b>	<b>3h</b>		<b>4h30</b>	<b>6h</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>10</b>	40%	60%
Computer Systems Security		1h30		3h00	3h	3	5	40%	60%
Information and Data Security		1h30		1h30	3h	3	5	40%	60%
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Méthodologique (UEM)</b>									
<b>UEM7 :</b>	<b>84h</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>1h30</b>	<b>1h30</b>	<b>6h</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>7</b>		
Programming by Constraint		1h30	1h30		3h	2	3	40%	60%
Machine Learning, Deep Learning, and Security		1h30		1h30	3h	2	4	40%	60%
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Découverte (UED)</b>									
<b>UED7 :</b>	<b>42h</b>	<b>1h30</b>		<b>1h30</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>2</b>		
Malwares Analysis		1h30		1h30	3h	2	2	40%	60%
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Transversale (UET)</b>									
<b>UET7 :</b>	<b>21h</b>	<b>1h30</b>			<b>1h30</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>		
Critical Thinking and Creativity Skills		1h30			1h30	1	1		100%
<b>Total Semestre 7</b>	<b>378h</b>	<b>13h30</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>10h30</b>	<b>19h30</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>30</b>		

**4- Semestre 8.**

Unités d'Enseignement	VHS	VH Hebdomadaire				Coeff.	Crédits	Mode d'évaluation	
	14 Sem.	Cours	TD	TP	Travail Personnel			Continu	Examen
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Fondamentale (UEF)</b>									
<b>UEF81 :</b>	<b>84h</b>	<b>3h</b>		<b>3h</b>	<b>6h</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>10</b>		
Operating Systems Security		1h30		1h30	3h	3	5	40%	60%
Cybersecurity		1h30		1h30	3h	3	5	40%	60%
<b>UEF82 :</b>	<b>126h</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>1h30</b>	<b>4h30</b>	<b>6h</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>10</b>		
Network Security		1h30	1h30	1h30	3h	4	5	50%	50%
Wireless and Mobile Network Security		1h30		3h00	3h	3	5	40%	60%
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Méthodologique (UEM)</b>									
<b>UEM8 :</b>	<b>105h</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>1h30</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>6h</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>5</b>		
Identity & Access Management		1h30		1h30	3h	1	2	40%	60%
Secure Software Development		1h30	1h30	1h30	3h	2	3	50%	50%
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Découverte (UED)</b>									
<b>UED8 :</b>	<b>21h</b>	<b>1h30</b>			<b>3h</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>		
Innovation and Entrepreneurship		1h30			3h	1	1		100%
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Transversale (UET)</b>									
<b>UET8 :</b>	<b>42h</b>			<b>3h</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>		
Multidisciplinary Project				3h	3h	3	4	100% Soutenance	
<b>Total Semestre 8</b>	<b>378h</b>	<b>10h30</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>13h30</b>	<b>21h</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>30</b>		

**5- Semestre 9.**

Unités d'Enseignement	VHS	VH Hebdomadaire				Coeff.	Crédits	Mode d'évaluation	
	14 Sem.	Cours	TD	TP	Travail Personnel			Continu	Examen
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Fondamentale (UEF)</b>									
<b>UEF9 :</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>4h30</b>		<b>4h30</b>	<b>9h</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>18</b>		
Web and mobile application security		1h30		1h30	3h	4	6	40%	60%
Embedded Systems Security		1h30		1h30	3h	4	6	40%	60%
Digital Forensics		1h30		1h30	3h	3	6	40%	60%
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Méthodologique (UEM)</b>									
<b>UEM9 :</b>	<b>84h</b>	<b>3h</b>		<b>3h</b>	<b>6h</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>8</b>		
DevOps		1h30		1h30	3h	3	5	40%	60%
Ethical Hacking		1h30		1h30	3h	2	3	40%	60%
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Découverte (UED)</b>									
<b>UED9 :</b>	<b>63h</b>	<b>3h</b>	<b>1h30</b>		<b>3h</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>3</b>		
Project Management		1h30	1h30		3h	2	2	40%	60%
Emerging Security Technologies		1h30			3h	1	1		100%
<b>Unité d'Enseignement Transversale (UET)</b>									
<b>UET9 :</b>	<b>21h</b>	<b>1h30</b>			<b>3h</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>		
Academic Communication and Research		1h30			3h	1	1		100%
<b>Total Semestre 9</b>	<b>294h</b>	<b>10h30</b>	<b>1h30</b>	<b>7h30</b>	<b>21h</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>30</b>		

## 6- Semestre 10

**Domaine** : Mathématiques et Informatique.

**Filière** : Informatique.

**Spécialité** : Sécurité Informatique.

Sujet de recherche ou stage en entreprise sanctionné par un mémoire et une soutenance.

L'attribution des sujets doit se faire au début de l'année (Octobre).

	VHS	Coeff.	Crédit
<b>Travail personnel</b>			
<b>Stage en entreprise</b>			
<b>Séminaires</b>	125h	06	10
<b>Autres (Mémoire)</b>	250h	14	20
<b>Total Semestre 10</b>	<b>375h</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>30</b>

## 7- Récapitulatif global de la formation.

VH UE	UEF	UEM	UED	UET	Total
<b>Cours</b>	420h	210h	84h	105h	819h
<b>TD</b>	189h	63h	42h	-	294h
<b>TP</b>	420h	168h	63h	-	651h
<b>Travail personnel</b>	756h	420h	147h	189h	1512h
<b>Semestre 10</b>	250h	125h	-	-	375h
<b>Total</b>	<b>2035h</b>	<b>986h</b>	<b>336h</b>	<b>294h</b>	<b>3671h</b>
<b>Crédits</b>	128	36	11	5	<b>180</b>
<b>% en Crédits pour chaque UE</b>	71.11%	20%	6.11	2.78	100%

### **III – Programme détaillé par matière.**

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 05.

**UE :** UEF51.

**Titre de la matière :** Mathematical Tools for Cryptography.

**Crédits :** 06.

**Coefficient :** 04.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** The first part introduces fundamental notions for group theory, notions useful for understanding bodies and linear codes as well as their applications. The second part should allow the student to acquire the elementary knowledge provided by the theory of finite bodies.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Some algebra concepts.

**Contenu de la matière :**

Part 1.

1. Groups, examples.
2. Homomorphisms.
3. Subgroups, distinguished subgroups and quotient groups.
4. Cyclic groups, order of elements, index of a subgroup.
5. Center, centralizer, conjugation.
6. Special groups.
7. Permutation groups, matrix groups.
8. Examples of applications in cryptography.

Part 2.

1. Definitions, characteristics, cardinality of a finite field.
2. Frobenius relation, Frobenius morphism.
3. Construction and uniqueness of finite bodies, practical construction of  $\mathbb{F}_q$ .
4. Sub field of a finite field, primitive element, primitive polynomial.
5. Irreducible polynomials and conjugate elements.
6. Factorization of  $x^n - 1$
7. Congruences and Residual Classes.
8. Euler's Phi function, the Theorems of Fermat, Euler and Lagrange.
9. Quadratic residue.
10. Recurrent sequences and shift register.
11. Application examples: cryptographic keys.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. J. Querre, Cours d'algèbre, Maitrise de Mathématiques, Masson, 1976.
2. J. Calais. Éléments de théorie des groupes. PUF, 1998.
3. E. Ramis, C. Deschamps, et J. Odoux. Cours de Mathématiques 1, Algèbre. Dunod, 1998.
4. D.J.S. Robinson, "A course in the Theory of Groups," 2nd ed., Springer-Verlag, New York, 1995.
5. Rudolf Lidl et Harald Niederreiter, Finite fields, Encyclopedia of Mathematics and applications, Cambridge University press, 1997.
6. M. Demazure. Cours d'algèbre. Primalité, divisibilité, codes. Cassini, 1997.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 05.

**UE :** UEF51.

**Titre de la matière :** Operational Research.

**Crédits :** 04.

**Coefficient :** 04.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** To introduce the student to problem representation, data gathering and providing answers.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Basic notions of mathematics.

**Contenu de la matière :**

**I. Optimization in operational research.**

- Model: represent a problem.
- Instantiate: gather data.
- Solve: provide an answer.
- Examination of some situations.

**II. Linear programming in continuous variables.**

- Formulations.
- Geometric properties.
- Simplex algorithms.
- Duality.
- Additional differences.

**III. Linear programming in integer and mixed variables.**

- Formulations.
- Relaxations.
- Easily solvable problems, total unimodularity.
- Branch and bound method.
- Situations mixing continuous variables and integer variables.
- Reference combinatorial optimization problem.

**IV. Local optimization.**

- Constraint-free optimization (optimal conditions, linear search methods, etc.).
- Optimization with constraint (optimal conditions, quadratic sequential programming, etc.).

**V. Graphs theory.**

- Become familiar with the basic terminology of graph theory.
- Discover how to represent graphs in computer memory.
- Examine and implement various graph traversal algorithms.
- Learn how to implement a shortest path algorithm.
- Examine and implement the minimum spanning tree algorithm.
- Explore topological sort.
- Learn how to find Euler circuits in a graph.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. D. de Werra, and T. M Liebling, Operational Research for engineers, polytechnic presses, 2003.
2. J-M. Hélary, and R. Pédrone, Operational Research: Guided Work, Hermann, 1983.
3. Y.Nobert, and R.Ouellet, Operational Research (3rd edition), Gaëtan Morin, 2002.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 05.

**UE :** UEF52.

**Titre de la matière :** Compilation.

**Crédits :** 6.

**Coefficient :** 4.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** The student will be able to differentiate between compiler and interpreter, the different phases of compilation, until the generation of the final code.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Programming, and Language Theory.

**Contenu de la matière :**

I. Introduction to compilation.

- The different stages of compilation.
- Compilation, interpretation and translation.

II. Lexical analysis.

- Regular expressions.
- Grammars.
- Finite step automata.
- An example of a lexical analyzer generator: LEX.

III. Syntactic analysis.

- Definitions: Syntactic grammar, left recursion, left factorization, free grammar.
- Calculation of the sets of first and following.
- Descending analysis methods: Recursive descent, LL (1).
- Bottom-up analysis methods: LR (1), SLR (1), LALR (1), item method.
- An example of a parser generator: YACC.

IV. Syntax-driven translation.

V. Intermediate forms.

- Post fixed shape
- Quadruplets.
- Direct and indirect triplets.
- Abstract tree.

VI. Allocation - Substitution - Organization of data at runtime.

VII. Object Code Optimization.

VIII. Object Code Generation.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Alfred Aho, Ravi Sethi, Compilateurs : Principes, techniques et outils – Cours et exercices -, DUNOD 2000.
2. Benjamin Cummings, A Retargetable Compiler: Design and implementation, Addison Wesley 1995.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 05.

**UE :** UEF52.

**Titre de la matière :** Software Engineering.

**Crédits :** 4.

**Coefficient :** 2.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** To learn how to apply an analysis and design methodology for software development. In particular, to learn object modelling using the universal UML language.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Algorithms, Information Systems, Object-Oriented Programming.

**Contenu de la matière :**

**Chapter I.** Introduction to Software Engineering.

1. Definitions and objectives.
2. Principles of Software Engineering.
3. Expected qualities of software.
4. Software life cycle.
5. Software lifecycle models.

**Chapter II.** Information System design methods.

1. The challenges of the systems approach.
2. Concept of a system.
3. Typology of systems.
4. System design methods.
  - 4.1 Static system design.
    - 4.1.1 STB.
    - 4.1.2 SADT method.
    - 4.1.3 Entity Association Model.
  - 4.2 Dynamic system design.
    - 4.2.1 Prototyping.
    - 4.2.2 Object-oriented approaches.

**Chapter III.** Modelling with UML.

1. Introduction (Modelling, Model, Object Oriented Modelling, UML in application.).
2. General elements and mechanisms.
3. UML views and diagrams.
4. Packages.

**Chapter IV.** UML: Functional view & Static view.

1. Use case diagram.
2. Class diagram.
3. Object diagram.

**Chapter V.** UML: Dynamic view.

1. Interaction diagram (Sequence and collaboration).
2. Activity diagram.
3. State/transition diagram.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Pierre Gérard, Génie Logiciel : Principes et Techniques. Un cours pour Licence Pro, Université de Paris 13 LIPN. FC 2007/2008.
2. Yann-Gaël Guéhéneuc, Gestion de projet pour le développement et la maintenance des logiciels. Cours au Département d'informatique et de recherche opérationnelle, Université de Montréal, Canada, 2003.
3. Yende Raphael Grevisse, Support de cours en génie logiciel 2, Cours dispensé à l'Institut Supérieur de Commerce en Deuxième Licence CSI, 2019.
4. Olivier Guibert, Cours d'analyse et conception des Systèmes d'Informations (Outils et Modèles pour le Génie Logiciel), Département Informatique de l'IUT de l'Université Bordeaux 1. Novembre, 2007.
5. Delphine Longuet, Introduction au génie logiciel et à la modélisation, Cours au Polytech Paris-Sud Formation initiale 3eme Année Spécialité Informatique Année 2017-2018.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 05.

**UE :** UEM5.

**Titre de la matière :** Python Programming.

**Crédits :** 4.

**Coefficient :** 2.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** This course could be a self-study document for a Python programming course. It contains a section for beginners, a discussion of several advanced topics of interest to Python programmers.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Algorithms, and Object-Oriented Programming.

**Contenu de la matière :**

Part 1- Beginning Python

- Lexical matters.
- Statements and inspection -- preliminaries.
- Built-in data-types.
- Functions and Classes -- A Preview.
- Statements.
- Functions, Modules, Packages, and Debugging.
- Classes.
- Special Tasks.

Part 2- Advanced Python.

- Regular Expressions.
- Iterator Objects.
- Unit Tests.
- Extending and embedding Python.
- Parsing.
- GUI Applications.
- Guidance on Packages and Modules.
- End Matter.

Part 3- Python Workbook.

- Lexical Structures.
- Execution Model.
- Built-in Data Types.
- Statements.
- Functions.
- Object-oriented programming and classes.
- Additional and Advanced Topics.
- Applications and Recipes.

Part 4- Generating Python Bindings for XML.

- Generating the code.
- Using the generated code to parse and export an XML document.
- Some command line options you might want to know.
- The graphical front-end.
- Adding application specific behavior.
- Special situations and uses.
- Some hints.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. [https://www.davekuhlman.org/python\\_book\\_01.pdf](https://www.davekuhlman.org/python_book_01.pdf).
2. Black Hat Python: Python Programming for Hackers and Pentesters, Justin Seitz.
3. The Practice of Network Security Monitoring: Understanding Incident Detection and Response, Richard Bejtlich.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 05.

**UE :** UEM5.

**Titre de la matière :** Web Development.

**Crédits :** 3.

**Coefficient :** 2.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** Mastery of programming and development of applications and Websites.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Algorithmics, and HMI.

**Contenu de la matière :**

- 1- Introduction to the Web.
- 2- Web architecture.
- 3- Web sites.
- 4- Web applications.
- 5- Web design and development.
  - HTML5.
  - CSS3.
  - PHP5.
  - SQL
  - JAVASCRIPT language.
  - jQuery library.
  - Other tools.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Francis Draillard, Premiers pas en CSS3 et HTML5, 7e édition mise à jour, Eyrolles, 2017.
2. Patrick Lenormand, Comment dynamiser le contenu de son site web ? Edition PYRAMYD, Collection: Savoir et savoir-faire, 2017.
3. Luc Van Lancker, AJAX - Développez pour le Web 2.0, Entrez dans le code : JavaScript, XML, DOM, XML http Request 2 ... Eni editions, collection : Ressources informatiques. 2015.
4. Jean-Marie Defrance, jQuery-Ajax avec PHP : 44 ateliers pour maîtriser jQuery. Editeur : Eyrolles, 4° édition, Collection : Blanche, 2013.
5. Bogdan Brinzarea, CristianDarie, Audra Hendrix, AJAX et PHP : Comment construire des applications web réactives, Dunod, 2° édition, Collection : InfoPro - Etudes, développement et intégration, 2010.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 05.

**UE :** UED5.

**Titre de la matière :** Theory of Information and Coding.

**Crédits :** 2.

**Coefficient :** 1.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** The aims of this course are to introduce the principles and applications of information theory. The course will study how information is measured in terms of probability and entropy, and the relationships among conditional and joint entropies; how these are used to calculate the capacity of a communication channel, with and without noise; coding schemes, including error correcting codes; how discrete channels and measures of information generalize to their continuous forms; the Fourier perspective; and extensions to wavelets, complexity, compression, and efficient coding of audio-visual information.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Basics notions on coding information.

**Contenu de la matière :**

1. Entropy and information, conditional entropy, mutual information.
2. Source coding: Huffman coding, Lempel-Ziv compression.
3. Channel coding.
4. Error Correcting codes, linear codes.
5. Code terminals and wire-tap channels.
6. The main families of block codes.
7. Decoding.
8. Cryptography and cryptanalysis.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous Evaluation, and Exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. William Cary Huffman, and Vera Pless, Fundamentals of Error-Correcting Codes, Cambridge University Press, 2010.
2. David JC MacKay. Information Theory, Inference, and Learning Algorithms, 2003.
3. Olivier Rioul, Théorie de l'information et du codage, 2007.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 05.

**UE :** UET5.

**Titre de la matière :** Business Intelligence.

**Crédits :** 1.

**Coefficient :** 1.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Business notions.

**Contenu de la matière :** Business Intelligence (BI) is a crucial aspect of modern business strategy, focusing on the utilization of data-driven insights to make informed decisions and gain a competitive advantage. This course introduces students to the concepts, technologies, and practices of BI, covering topics such as data warehousing, data mining, analytics, visualization, and decision support systems. Through lectures, case studies, and hands-on projects, students will learn how to collect, analyze, and interpret data to support organizational decision-making and improve business performance.

**Contenu de la matière :**

- Introduction to Business Intelligence.
- Data Warehousing and ETL Processes.
- Data Modeling and Dimensional Design.
- Data Mining and Predictive Analytics.
- BI Tools and Technologies.
- Advanced Analytics and Big Data.
- Business Intelligence Applications and Case Studies.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. MÜLLER, Roland M. et LENZ, Hans-Joachim. *Business intelligence*. Berlin, Heidelberg: Springer Berlin Heidelberg, 2013.
2. HOWSON, Cindi. *Successful business intelligence*. Emeryville: McGraw-Hill Professional Publishing, 2007.
3. MICHALEWICZ, Zbigniew, SCHMIDT, Martin, MICHALEWICZ, Matthew, et al. *Adaptive business intelligence*. Springer Berlin Heidelberg, 2006.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 06.

**UE :** UEF61.

**Titre de la matière :** Advanced Cryptography.

**Crédits :** 6.

**Coefficient :** 4.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** Introduce the student to the study of cryptosystems based on algebraic problems or error-correcting code problems.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Some algebra concepts.

**Contenu de la matière :**

1. Introduction.

- a- Security needs.
- b- Symmetric Crypto-Systems, Asymmetric Crypto-Systems.
- c- Hash Functions.
- d- Electronic Signature.
- e- New Trends in Cryptography.
- f- Cryptanalysis.

2. Encryption, security.

- a- “One-way” function.
- b- The RSA method and factorization of integers.
- c- Discrete logarithm and El Gamel cryptosystem.
- d- The Knapsack problem.
- e- Error correcting codes and Mc Elièce cryptosystem.
- f- Elliptic curves, cryptosystems.
- g- Secret Sharing.
- h- Image encryption.
- i- Copyright protection.

3. Authentication.

- a- Protocols, Principles.
- b- Authentication techniques, digital signature.
- c- Signature using public keys.
- d- File security.
- e- Algorithms, examples.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous Evaluation, and Exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Ireland & Rosen, A Classical Introduction to Modern Number Theory, Springer.
2. Koblitz, A Course in Number Theory and Cryptography, Springer, 1994.
3. Blake, Seroussi et Smart, Elliptic Curves in Cryptography, Springer.
4. Koblitz, Algebraic Aspects of Cryptography, Springer.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 06.

**UE :** UEF61.

**Titre de la matière :** Modeling & Simulation.

**Crédits :** 6.

**Coefficient :** 3.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** This course is intended to deepen the knowledge of the student in modeling and simulation field. In addition, it introduces techniques of performance evaluation.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Engineering science, Mathematics, Automation.

**Contenu de la matière :**

I. Systems modeling.

I.1 Definitions.

    I.1.1 Definition of modeling.

    I.1.2 System definition.

    I.1.3 Model definition.

I.2 Types of systems: discrete, continuous, deterministic.

I.3 Types of models: descriptive, analytical.

I.4 Modeling tools.

    I.4.1 Transfer function.

        I.4.1.1 Definition.

        I.4.1.2 Laplace transform.

        I.4.1.3 Block diagrams.

    I.4.2 Finite state machines.

    I.4.3 Petri net.

    I.4.4 Markov chains.

    I.4.5 Queue models.

II. Performance evaluation techniques.

    II.1 Presentation of techniques.

    II.2 Mathematical methods.

    II.3 Introduction to simulation.

III. Simulation.

    III.1 Types of simulation.

        III.1.1 Simulation of dynamic systems.

        III.1.2 Continuous simulation.

        III.1.3 Simulation of discrete systems.

    III.2 Sampling.

    III.3 Generation of pseudo-random numbers.

    III.4 Random number generator tests.

    III.5 Analysis and validation of simulation results.

IV. Simulation tools.

    IV.1 Software.

    IV.2 Languages.

    IV.3 Graphics and simulation.

V. Study of a simulation language.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Youssef Monsef, Modélisation et simulation des systèmes complexes : Concepts, méthodes et outils, Tec & Doc Lavoisier, 1996.
2. Frédéric Amblard, Denis Phan, Modélisation et simulation multi-agents Hermès, Science Publications, 2006.
3. J. Christian Attiogbé, Modélisation et construction des applications réparties, Modélisation avec les Réseaux de Petri, DUT Informatique - Module M-4102C, Janvier 2020.
4. Christophe Sabot, Partie III: chaînes de Markov: Notes informelles de cours, Université Lyon-1, 2020.
5. Yliès Falcone, Jean-Claude Fernandez, Automates à états finis et langages réguliers, Livre, Dunod, 2020.
6. Sara Rachidi, Diagnostic des défauts dans les systèmes à évènements discrets soumis à des contraintes temporelles, Thèse, Normandie Université, 2019.
7. S. Le Digabel, Introduction aux files d'attente, Support de cours, Ecole Polytechnique de Montréal, 2017.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 06.

**UE :** UEF62.

**Titre de la matière :** Cloud Computing.

**Crédits :** 4.

**Coefficient :** 3.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** To allow the student to become familiar with the Cloud Computing, by presenting the foundations of virtualization as well as the tools to create and deploy Cloud infrastructures.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Notions of virtualization, distributiveness, network, Web, ...

**Contenu de la matière :**

**Chapter I. Definitions and History.**

I.1. Definitions.

I.1.1. The Cloud, and the Cloud Computing.

I.1.2. Cloud Computing from an Economic Viewpoint.

I.1.3. The Cloud Computing: A Virtual Space.

I.2. Historic.

I.2.1. The 50's.

I.2.2. Early 2000s.

**Chapter II. Cloud Computing Models and Services.**

II.1. Cloud Model.

II.2. Cloud Services.

II.2.1. Infrastructure as a Service: IaaS.

II.2.2. Platform as a Service: PaaS.

II.2.3. Software as a Service: SaaS.

II.2.4. Cloud Services Architecture.

II.2.5. Other Services.

**Chapter III. Architecture and Typology of Cloud Computing.**

III.1. Architecture.

III.1.1. N-Tiers.

III.1.2. Service Oriented Architecture (SOA).

III.1.3. Virtual Machine.

III.1.4. File Virtualization.

III.2. Deployment.

III.2.1. Pilot Phase.

III.2.2. Deployment and Integration Phase.

III.2.3. Loading Driving Phase.

III.3. Typology.

III.3.1. Private Cloud.

III.3.2. Public Cloud.

III.3.3. Community Cloud.

III.3.4. Hybrid Cloud.

III.3.5. Distributed Cloud.

III.3.6. Inter Cloud.

III.3.7. Multi Cloud.

**Chapter IV. Cloud Examples.**

IV.1. DROPBOX.

IV.2. Microsoft Cloud Platform.

IV.3. Commercials Clouds, and Main Market Players.

IV.5. OpenStack Overview.

IV.6. Examples of Cloud for Storage.

## **Chapter V. Benefits and Limits of the Cloud.**

- V.1. Benefits of the Cloud.
  - V.1.1. Cost Reduction.
  - V.1.2. Flexibility.
  - V.1.3. Refocusing on the Core Business.
- V.2. Cloud Limitation.
  - V.2.1. Control Loss of Your IT (Entrusted to One or Third Parties).
  - V.2.2. Problems with Securing its Computer Data.

## **Chapter VI. Security and Privacy in the Cloud.**

- VI.1. General Aspects.
- VI.2. Specific Security Issues.
- VI.3. Contractual Aspects.
- VI.4. Best Security Practices.
- VI.5. Synthesis and Overview.
  - IV.5.1. Threat.
  - IV.5.2. Attacker Types.
  - IV.5.3. Security Risks.
  - IV.5.4. Advice for Limiting Risks.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

## **Références bibliographiques :**

1. Rajkumar Buyya, James Broberg, Andrzej M. Goscinski, "Cloud Computing : Principles and Paradigms", John Wiley & Sons, 2010 (ISBN 9781118002209).
2. Lee Gillam, "Cloud computing", Springer, 2010 (ISBN 9781849962414).
3. Zaigham Mahmood, Richard Hill, "Cloud Computing for Enterprise Architectures", Springer, 2011 (ISBN 9781447122364).
4. Cigref Réseau des grandes entreprises, "Fondamentaux du Cloud Computing – Le point de vue des grandes entreprises", Mars 2013.
5. Romain Hennion, Hubert Tournier, Eric Bourgeois, Cloud Computing : Décider - Concevoir - Piloter - Améliorer, Eyrolles, 2012.
6. Guillaume Plouin, Cloud Computing, Sécurité, stratégie d'entreprise et panorama du marché, Collection InfoPro, Dunod, 2013.
7. Guillaume Plouin, Tout sur le Cloud Personnel, Travaillez, stockez, jouez et échangez... dans le nuage, Dunod, 2013.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 06.

**UE :** UEF62.

**Titre de la matière :** Advanced Databases.

**Crédits :** 4.

**Coefficient :** 3.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** Follows the evolution of the IT context and the advent of system applications in existing databases while showing current trends. The course will also deal with database security.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Concepts on Database, DBMS

**Contenu de la matière :**

1. Extended relational model
2. Semantic models (SDM, AI, etc.)
3. Object-oriented databases
4. Deductive databases
5. Distributed databases
6. Multimedia databases
7. Secure Databases and database security

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. G. Gardarin & P.Valduriez: "Advanced DBMS" Editions Eyrolles, 1990.
2. J. Le Maitre "Advanced databases for XML and the web" Hermes Science Publications, 2005.
3. J.Date. Introduction to databases. Thomason publishing France 6th edition 1998.
4. C. Delobel and M. Adiba: databases and relational systems. Dunod 1982.
5. T. Connoly and Corolyn Begg. Database systems: practical approach to design of implementation and administration. Eyrolles 2005.
6. Lena Wiese, Advanced data management: for SQL, NoSQL, Cloud and distributed databases, De Gruyter, 2015.
7. Christopher Diaz, Database Security: Problems and Solutions, Mercury Learning and Information, 2022.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 06.

**UE :** UEM6.

**Titre de la matière :** Mobile Development.

**Crédits :** 3.

**Coefficient :** 2.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** The student will acquire knowledge of application development in mobile environments. They are omnipresent whether you are a customer (B2C), supplier (B2B) or employee (B2E). He will learn programming under Android, its development platform and the specificities of embedded development on smartphones.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Web development.

**Contenu de la matière :**

Chapter 1: Mobile applications.

- Mobile Operating Systems.
- Mobile Application Types.

Chapter 2: Android Platform.

- Presentation of the Android platform.
- The fundamental components of an Android application.
- Android SDK.
- Installation and configuration of tools.
- Create an Android Emulator.

Chapter 3: Activities and resources.

- Concept of Activity.
- Life cycle of an activity.
- Resources, Organization of resources, and utilization.

Chapter 4: GUIs and Widgets.

- Creation of graphical interfaces.
- Manage events on widgets.

Chapter 4: Menus and dialog boxes.

- Management of application menus, Options menu, and Context menus.
- Dialog boxes.

Chapter 4: Communication between components: Explicit intents, Implicit intents, and Resolving Implicit Intents.

Chapter 5: Databases with SQLite.

Chapter 6: Development of an application.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Create apps for Android – Open Classrooms <https://openclassrooms.com/courses/creez-es-applications-pour-android>.
2. Android Development - Jean-Francois Lalande, <http://www.univ-orleans.fr/lifo/Members/Jean-Francois.Lalande/enseignement/android/cours-android.pdf>.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 06.

**UE :** UEM6.

**Titre de la matière :** Digital Signal Processing.

**Crédits :** 4.

**Coefficient :** 3.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** This course introduces the basic concepts and principles underlying continuous and discrete-time signal processing. The objective is to analyze, manipulate, and interpret signals to extract useful information or enhance their quality for various applications. The Concepts will be illustrated using examples of standard technologies and algorithms.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Signal theory, applied mathematics.

### **Contenu de la matière :**

#### **Chapter I. Introduction to Signal Processing.**

1. Signal and System.
2. Signal Classification.
3. Frequency and Time Representation.

#### **Chapter II. Analog Signal Processing.**

1. Fourier Series.
2. Fourier Transform.
3. Convolution.
4. Filtering Concept.
5. Modulation Concept.

#### **Chapter III. Digital Signal Processing.**

1. Sampling.
2. Quantization.
3. Coding.
4. The Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT).
5. Discrete Fourier Transform: Derivation of Radix-2 FFT.

#### **Chapter IV. Fast Algorithms for Signal Processing.**

1. Fast Convolution Algorithm.
2. Fast Fourier Transform Algorithm.
3. Multidimensional Transform Algorithms.
4. Algorithms Derived from the Fourier Transform.

#### **Chapter V. Wavelet Transform and Time-Frequency Analysis.**

1. Multiresolution Analysis, Splines, and Wavelets.
2. Orthogonal Decomposition of Wavelet Series.
3. Wavelet Decompositions and Reconstructions.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

### **Références bibliographiques :**

1. Francis Cottet, Traitement des signaux et acquisition de données, Dunod, 1997.
2. J. Sundberg, "Le chant, Les instruments de l'orchestre" (Préfacé par J. C. Risset), Bibliothèque pour la science, 1995.
3. Neville H. Fletcher, Thomas D. Rossing, The Physics of musical Instruments, SpringerVerlag, 1991.
4. Donald E. Hall, Musical Acoustics, An introduction, Wadsworth, California, USA, 1980.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 06.

**UE :** UED6.

**Titre de la matière :** AI: Notions & Principles.

**Crédits :** 2.

**Coefficient :** 1.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** Acquisition of fundamental and preliminary notions about AI.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Difference between natural and artificial intelligence.

**Contenu de la matière :**

**Chapter 1: Birth of AI.**

- 1- History: birth of AI, type of problem that AI addresses, and difference compared to computational computing.
- 2- Turing test.
- 3- Field of application of AI.

**Chapter 2: Expert system.**

- 1- Role definition.
- 2- Architecture of an OS.

**Chapter 3: Operation of expert systems.**

- 1- Notion of knowledge and representation formalism.
- 2- Production rules.
- 3- Operation of an inference engine.

**Chapter 4: Approach to developing an expert system.**

- 1. Expert system development process.
- 2. Example of an expert system: Dendral, Mycin, Prospector, etc.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Louis Frécon, and Okba Kazar, Artificial intelligence manual, PPUR edition, ISBN:978-2-88074-819-7, 2009.
2. Ganascia, Jean-Gabriel, Artificial intelligence, Flammarion, 1993.
3. I. Bratko, Prolog programming for artificial intelligence, 2001.
4. J.M. Alliot, and T. Schiex, Artificial Intelligence, and Theoretical Computing, Cépaduès Editions, 1993.
5. N. Nilsson, Artificial Intelligence: A New Synthesis, Morgan Kaufmann, 1998.
6. S. Russell, and P. Norvig, Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, 2nd edition, 2002.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 06.

**UE :** UET6.

**Titre de la matière :** Startup and Professional Development.

**Crédits :** 1.

**Coefficient :** 1.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :**

- Understand the principles of entrepreneurship and startup development.
- Develop skills in idea generation, validation, and business model canvas creation.
- Learn effective pitching techniques and strategies for attracting investors.
- Gain insights into startup funding options and the venture capital landscape.
- Master professional development skills tailored for computer science students, including resume writing, networking, and job searching.
- Prepare for technical interviews and learn best practices for securing internships and full-time positions in the tech industry.
- Explore avenues for career advancement and personal growth within the tech sector.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Advanced business concepts.

**Contenu de la matière :**

1. Introduction to Startups.
2. Idea Generation and Validation.
3. Business Model Canvas.
4. Pitching and presenting.
5. Startup Funding.
6. Professional Development for Computer Science Students.
7. Job Searching Strategies.
8. Interview Preparation.
9. Internships and Co-op Programs.
10. Career Advancement in Tech.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Ries, Eric. *The Lean Startup: How Today's Entrepreneurs Use Continuous Innovation to Create Radically Successful Businesses*. New York: Crown Business, 2011.
2. Thiel, Peter, *Zero to One: Notes on Startups, or How to Build the Future*. Books on Tape, 2014.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 07.

**UE :** UEF71.

**Titre de la matière :** Advanced Operating Systems.

**Crédits :** 5.

**Coefficient :** 3.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** The objective of this course is to provide an in-depth study of the problems encountered in systems centralized and distributed operating systems. The basic mechanisms proposed for the resolution of the parallelism, mutual exclusion, synchronization, inter-process communication and deadlock are studied in detail. Directed and practical work allows students to manipulate and master the use of the basic mechanisms of the operating systems studied theoretically.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** basic notions of operating systems, algorithms, machine structure, and the mechanisms allowing the management of machine resources, in particular the processor and memory.

**Contenu de la matière :**

Chapter 1: Notions of parallelism, cooperation and competition.

- a. Sequential processes.
- b. Concept of task.
- c. Task systems and precedence graph.
- d. Task system language.
- e. Task system state.
- f. Determinism and maximal parallelism.
- g. Cooperation and competition.
- h. Thread concept.

Chapter 2: Synchronization between processes.

- a. Mutual exclusion problem.
- b. Implementation of mutual exclusion (lock, alternation, Peterson, TSL, sleep primitives, and wakeup).
- c. Synchronization problem.
- d. Implementing synchronization (event counters, semaphores, monitors).

Chapter 3: Inter-process communication.

- a. Problematic.
  - b. Exchange of messages.
  - c. Mail boxes.
  - d. Communication tubes under Unix.
  - e. Signals.
  - f. Sharing variables (variables, files, data segments).
4. Chapter 4: Deadlock.
- a. Introduction.
  - b. Deadlock.
  - c. Necessary conditions for deadlock.
  - d. Solutions to the deadlock problem.
  - e. Detection and recovery.
  - f. Deadlocks avoidance.
  - g. Prevention of deadlocks: PERSONAL WORK.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

### **Références bibliographiques :**

1. J-L. Peterson, F. Silberschatz , P-B. Galvin 'Operating Systems Concepts', Fourth Edition.
2. A. Silberschatz, P-B. Galvin, 'Principes des systèmes d'exploitation', 4ème Edition, AddisonWesley.
3. J. Beauquier, B. Berard 'Systèmes d'exploitation : concepts et algorithmes', McGraw Hill 1990.
4. M-J. Bach, traduit par G. Feallah, 'Conception du Système UNIX', Masson et Prentice Hall 1990.
5. A. Tanenbaum, 'Modern operating systems', third edition, Pearson, 2014.
6. A. Tanenbaum, 'Système d'exploitation', Dunod, 1994.
7. M. Divay, 'Unix, Linux et les systèmes d'exploitation : cours et exercices corrigés', 2004.
8. Crocus, 'Systèmes d'exploitation des ordinateurs', 1993.
9. S. Krakowiak, 'Principes des systèmes d'exploitation des ordinateurs', Dunod, 1993.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 07.

**UE :** UEF71.

**Titre de la matière :** Advanced Networks.

**Crédits :** 5.

**Coefficient :** 4.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** This module aims to provide students with an in-depth understanding of advanced concepts, protocols, and technologies in computer networks. It builds upon foundational knowledge in networking and explores topics such as network security, emerging technologies, and advanced network architectures. Through lectures, practical exercises, and case studies, students will develop the skills and expertise necessary to design, implement, and manage complex computer networks.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Students should have a solid understanding of basic networking concepts, protocols, and technologies, as well as proficiency in network configuration and troubleshooting. Prior knowledge of programming languages, particularly Python or similar scripting languages, may be beneficial for certain topics such as network automation and SDN.

### **Contenu de la matière :**

1. Introduction to Advanced Computer Networks.
  - o Overview of the module objectives, structure, and assessment criteria.
  - o Review of fundamental networking concepts and protocols.
  - o Introduction to advanced networking topics and their relevance in modern network environments.
2. Network Security.
  - o Threats, vulnerabilities, and attacks in computer networks.
  - o Cryptography and encryption techniques for securing data transmission.
  - o Firewalls, intrusion detection systems, and other security mechanisms.
  - o Secure network design principles and best practices.
3. Quality of Service (QoS).
  - o Overview of QoS requirements and challenges in modern networks.
  - o Traffic shaping, prioritization, and scheduling techniques.
  - o QoS mechanisms in different network architectures, such as DiffServ and MPLS.
  - o Case studies and practical exercises on QoS implementation.
4. Emerging Network Technologies.
  - o Introduction to emerging technologies such as Software-Defined Networking (SDN), Network Function Virtualization (NFV), and Internet of Things (IoT).
  - o Overview of their architecture, protocols, and applications.
  - o Case studies and practical demonstrations of emerging network technologies.
5. Advanced Routing and Switching.
  - o Routing protocols beyond basic routing algorithms (e.g., OSPF, BGP).
  - o Advanced switching techniques and protocols (e.g., VLANs, Spanning Tree Protocol).
  - o Scalability, resilience, and performance considerations in routing and switching.
6. Network Management and Monitoring.
  - o Network management frameworks and protocols (e.g., SNMP, NetFlow).
  - o Configuration management, fault detection, and performance monitoring.
  - o Network troubleshooting methodologies and tools.
7. Wireless and Mobile Networks.
  - o Overview of wireless communication principles and technologies.
  - o Mobile network architectures (e.g., 4G/5G) and protocols (e.g., GSM, LTE).
  - o Security, QoS, and mobility management in wireless and mobile networks.

8. Case Studies and Practical Applications.
  - o Real-world case studies of advanced network deployments and implementations.
  - o Hands-on lab sessions and practical exercises to reinforce theoretical concepts.
  - o Project work or assignments focusing on designing and implementing advanced network solutions.
9. Future Trends and Challenges.
  - o Exploration of future trends and developments in computer networks.
  - o Discussion of emerging technologies, challenges, and opportunities.
  - o Ethical, legal, and societal implications of advanced network technologies.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

- Textbooks:

1. "Computer Networking: A Top-Down Approach" by James F. Kurose and Keith W. Ross.
2. "Computer Networks" by Andrew S. Tanenbaum and David J. Wetherall.
3. "TCP/IP Illustrated" by Richard Stevens.

- Online Resources:

1. Cisco Networking Academy: <https://www.netacad.com/>.
  2. Coursera: Various courses on computer networking and cybersecurity.
  3. IEEE Xplore and ACM Digital Library for research papers and articles on advanced networking topics.
- Software Tools:
1. Packet Tracer or GNS3 for network simulation and emulation.
  2. Wireshark for network protocol analysis.
  3. Open-source software for SDN experimentation (e.g., Mininet, OpenDaylight).

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 07.

**UE :** UEF72.

**Titre de la matière :** Computer Systems Security.

**Crédits :** 5.

**Coefficient :** 3.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** One of the main objectives of this course is adversarial thinking: students should be able to quickly zoom in on the weakest link in any security technology, or system design. Students should be able to imagine how an attacker might break their system, and build in protection and mitigation measures to ward off such attacks.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Concept of computer security.

**Contenu de la matière :**

- Principles and practice of building and administering secure systems.
- Authentication and access control.
- Operating system security.
- Program security.
- Key management.
- Information flow.
- Assurance.
- Vulnerability analysis and intrusion detection.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Stamp, Mark, *Information Security: Principles and Practice* (2nd Edition), Wiley, 2011, ISBN: 978-0-470-62639-9.
2. Anderson, Ross, *Security Engineering: A Guide to Building Dependable Distributed Systems*, 2nd Edition, Wiley Publishing, Inc., 2008, ISBN: 978-470-06852-6 [<https://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/~rja14/book.html>].

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 07.

**UE :** UEF72.

**Titre de la matière :** Information and Data Security.

**Crédits :** 5.

**Coefficient :** 3.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** This course allows students to acquire skills to ensure the security and proper functioning of computer systems.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Algorithmic foundation, programming technique.

**Contenu de la matière :**

I.1. Definitions: Security, Dependability, etc.

I.2. Main information security concepts: Vulnerability, threat, countermeasure, risk, ...

I.3. Information security objectives: Confidentiality, Integrity, Availability, Non-repudiation,

Authentication.

I.4. Security types.

I.5. Security flaws.

I.6. Risk management process.

I.7. Risks typology and proposed solutions.

I.8. IT threats.

- What is an attack?

- Attacks motivations.

- Origin of attacks.

- Who can be targeted?

- Stages of an attack.

- Different taxonomies of attacks.

- Different types of attacks: Network attacks, System attacks, Password attacks, Website attack, application attack.

- Ways to launch an attack.

- Flaws and attacks (IP Spoofing, DoS, phishing, ...).

- Malware: Virus, Worm, Trojan horse, Spyware, ...

I.9. Defense methods: Anti-virus, Firewalls, Private networks, Intrusion detection, etc...

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Laurent Bloch, Christophe Wolfhugel, AryKokos, Gérôme Billois, Arnaud Soullié, Alexandre AnzalaYamajako, Thomas Debize, Sécurité informatique pour les DSI, RSSI et administrateurs, éditions Eyrolles, 5° édition, Collection Blanche, 2016.
2. Jean-François Pillou, Jean-Philippe Bay, Tout sur la sécurité informatique, DUNOD, 4° EDITION, 2016.
3. Gilles Dubertret, L'univers secret de la cryptographie, Vuibert, 2015.
4. Damien Vergnaud, Exercices et problèmes de cryptographie, Collection : Sciences Sup, Dunod, 2015.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 07.

**UE :** UEM7.

**Titre de la matière :** Programming by Constraints.

**Crédits :** 3.

**Coefficient :** 2.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** Allow the student to use constraint programming techniques for solving complex combinatorial problems from logic programming and artificial intelligence.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Problem solving in artificial intelligence using logic programming, Combinatorial Optimization.

**Contenu de la matière :**

1- General information on Constraint Programming (CP).

- Introduction to Constraint Programming.
- Definition and fundamental principles of CP.
- Applications of CP in various fields.
- Examples of problems solved by CP.

2- Constraint Modeling.

- Representation of variables and constraints.
- Types of constraints and their properties.
- Global constraints and local constraints.
- Modeling techniques for specific problems.
- Modeling in Constraint Satisfaction Problem (CSP).
- Card Colorability, Magic Square, Golomb Rule, the n Queens, Euler's knight.
- Binarization.

Binary CSP, Boolean CSP, Binary CSPs, n-ary CSPs.

3- Resolution Methods in CP.

- Systematic research techniques (backtracking, branch and bound).
- Constraint propagation and filtering algorithms.
- Heuristic search strategies (variable ordering, value ordering).

4- Practical Applications of PPC.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Thom Frühwirth et Slim Abdennadher, Essentials of Constraint Programming, Springer, Avril 2003, 145 p.
2. Francesca Rossi, Peter Van Beek et Toby Walsh, Handbook of constraint programming, Elsevier, 2006.
3. Annick Fron, Programmation par Contraintes, The Book Edition.
4. Trends in Constraint Programming, edited by Frédéric Benhamou, Narendra Jussien, Barry O'Sullivan, © ISTE Ltd, 2007.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 07.

**UE :** UEM7.

**Titre de la matière :** Machine Learning, Deep Learning, and Security.

**Crédits :** 4.

**Coefficient :** 2.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** Understand ML and DL techniques and apply them to resolve security issues.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** IA Notions.

**Contenu de la matière :**

1. Machine Learning (ML).

- o Concepts.
- o Challenges of using Machine Learning.
- o Necessary tools for practicing Machine Learning on your own data.
- o Setting up a workflow.
- o Python (NumPy, Pandas, Matplotlib, Seaborn...).
- o Importance of data visualization.
- o Explore, manage and prepare data.
- o Choose and apply a good algorithm.
- o Understand the difference between a supervised context and an unsupervised context.
- o Supervised algorithms.
- o Unsupervised algorithms.
- o Deploy the Machine Learning model.
- o Conditions for deploying a Machine Learning model.

2. Deep Learning (DL).

- o Introduction to artificial neural networks.
- o Train a PMC (Multi-Layer Perceptron) with a high-level TensorFlow API.
- o Train a PMC (MultiLayer Perceptron) with basic TensorFlow.
- o Precisely adjust the hyperparameters of a neural network.
- o Training of deep neural networks.
- o Convolutional neural networks.
- o Recurrent neural networks.

3. Traditional Machine Learning and cybersecurity.

- o Spam Detection.
- o Intrusion Detection.
- o Malware Detection.

3. Case study: Solving network and security problems with DL-ML solutions.

- o Routing issues.
- o Problems with access and migration to resources.
- o Scalability issues.
- o Threat and vulnerability detection issues.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. John Paul Mueller, « Machine Learning Security Principles: Keep data, networks, users, and applications safe from prying eyes », 2022.
2. Aaisha Makkar, Neeraj Kumar « Deep Learning for Security and Privacy Preservation in IoT (Signals and Communication Technology) », Springer, 2022.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 07.

**UE :** UED7.

**Titre de la matière :** Malwares Analysis.

**Crédits :** 2.

**Coefficient :** 2.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** This course aims to provide students with an in-depth understanding of malware and its attack techniques and acquire advanced skills in malware analysis by combining static, dynamic and behavioral approaches with the hybrid method and reverse engineering. It also prepares students to identify, analyze and neutralize complex and emerging malware.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Concepts on IT security risks and vulnerabilities.

### **Contenu de la matière :**

Chapter 1: Fundamentals of Malware Analysis.

- Fundamental concepts of Malware.
- Types of Malwares and their behaviors.
- Analysis of the evolution of attack techniques and defenses against Malware.

Chapter 2: Static Analysis.

- Static Malware analysis techniques.
- Disassembly, decompilation and code analysis.
- Identification and extraction of malicious features and behaviors.

Chapter 3: Dynamic Analysis.

- Dynamic Malware analysis techniques.
- Sandboxing and volatility analysis.
- Real-time monitoring of Malware interactions with the system and network.

Chapter 4: Behavioral Analysis.

- Observation and understanding of the actions of the Malware on the infected system.
- Analysis of Indicators of Compromise (IoC) and malicious behavioral patterns.

Chapter 5: Hybrid Analysis Methodology.

- Principles of the hybrid method.
- Integration of static, dynamic and behavioral approaches for a complete analysis.

Chapter 6: Reverse engineering techniques.

- Introduction to reverse engineering and its applications in Malware analysis.
- Use of reverse engineering tools (IDA Pro, Ghidra, and Radare2) to analyze malicious code.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

### **Références bibliographiques :**

1. "Practical Malware Analysis: The Hands-On Guide to Dissecting Malicious Software" par Michael Sikorski et Andrew Honig.
2. "The IDA Pro Book: The Unofficial Guide to the World's Most Popular Disassembler" par Chris Eagle.
3. Articles et publications académiques sur les dernières avancées en matière d'analyse de malwares et de reverse engineering.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 07.

**UE :** UET7.

**Titre de la matière :** Critical Thinking and Creativity Skills.

**Crédits :** 1.

**Coefficient :** 1.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :**

The aim of this course is to introduce the concept of critical thinking and its importance as well as give students the tools necessary to develop their critical thinking abilities and creativity skills.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** None.

**Contenu de la matière :**

1. Introduction: Importance of skills for future employment. Importance of creativity and critical thinking as soft skills.
2. Introduction to analytical thinking, identifying, and evaluating arguments.
3. Various problem-solving methodologies.
4. Decision-making processes and risk analysis
5. Understanding logical fallacies and avoiding them in decision-making.
6. Exploring creativity, fostering a creative mindset, mind mapping and brainstorming, convergent and divergent thinking.
7. Critical Thinking in Coding: debugging and code review.
8. Integrating critical thinking and creativity for effective problem-solving.
9. Final Project and Presentation: students will integrate what they learned in a final project.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Exam (Final project presentation).

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Proctor, T. (2021). Absolute Essentials of Creative Thinking and Problem Solving. Rutledge, London.
2. Jamie Carlin Watson, Robert Arp, Skyler King, Critical Thinking: An Introduction to Reasoning Well, Bloomsbury Academic, 2024.
3. Joseph O'Connor, Ian McDermott, The Art of Systems Thinking: Essential Skills for Creativity and Problem Solving, Thorson, 1997.
4. Stella Cottrell, Critical Thinking Skills: Effective Analysis, Argument and Reflection, Bloomsbury Study Skills, 2023.
5. Michael Lewrick , Patrick Link, Larry Leifer, The Design Thinking Toolbox: A Guide to Mastering the Most Popular and Valuable Innovation Methods, Amazon, 2020.
6. David Cotton, The Smart Solution Book: 68 Tools for Brainstorming, Problem Solving and Decision Making, FT Publishing International, 2016.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 08.

**UE :** UEF81.

**Titre de la matière :** Operating Systems Security.

**Crédits :** 5.

**Coefficient :** 3.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** The objective of this course is to allow the student to master the security of operating systems: the basic concepts, methods of analysis and evaluation of the security of operating systems (desktop and mobile). The student will learn about issues related to authentication, access control, and control flow integrity.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Full Operating systems and the basics of computer security.

**Contenu de la matière :**

- 1 - Introduction to operating system security (Linux, Windows, and Android).
- 2- Introduction to operating system administration and access control (Linux, Windows, and Android).
- 3 - Attacks on Oss.
- 4 - Operating system protection mechanisms.
- 5 - Methods for analyzing and evaluating the security of an operating system.
- 6 - Failure recovery and recovery methods.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Silberschatz. A., Galvin. P., Gagne. G., "Operating System Concepts", John Wiley & Sons, 2012.
2. Tanenbaum. A., "Systèmes d'Exploitation", Pearson, 2008.
3. Jaeger, Trent, Operating system security, Morgan & Claypool Publishers, 2008.
4. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, Herbert Bos, Modern Operating Systems, Pearson, 2023.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 08.

**UE :** UEF81.

**Titre de la matière :** Cybersecurity.

**Crédits :** 5.

**Coefficient :** 3.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** The objectives of this course are to raise awareness about the importance of cybersecurity in today's digital world particularly in the context of businesses, equipping the students with foundational knowledge to protect themselves online, fostering a culture of security and responsibility, preparing them to comply with cybersecurity regulations and standards, and supporting their professional development in cybersecurity-related fields.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Basic concepts of computer security and digital vulnerability analysis.

**Contenu de la matière :**

Chapter 1: Concepts of Cybersecurity.

- Cybersecurity definition.
- Cybersecurity objectives.
- Importance of cybersecurity in a digital world.
- Cybersecurity approaches.

Chapter 2: Privacy Protection techniques.

- Importance of online privacy protection.
- Principles of privacy Protection.
- Tools and technologies for online privacy protection (e.g. Ad Blockers, Password managers, Privacy-focused Browsers, ...).
- Best practices for secure handling of data.

Chapter 3: DarkWeb and Cybersecurity.

- DeepWeb and DarkWeb.
- Defending against the DarkWeb: Strategies of Protection.
- Tor browsers and the dark web: access and risks.

Chapter 4: Security Detection Tools.

- Firewall/ Web Application Firewall (FW/WAF).
- Proxy.
- Intrusion Detection System/Intrusion Prevention System (IPS/IDS).
- Endpoint Detection and Response (EDR).

Chapter 5: Security Incident Management Tools (SIEM, SOAR, Ticketing tool).

- Logs.
- Security Information and Event Management (SIEM).
- Ticketing systems.
- Security Orchestration Automation and Response (SOAR).

Chapter 6: Security Incident Response.

- Company security teams (SOC/CERT).
- Security rules creation (Use cases).
- Open-source investigation tools.
- Security incident response steps.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Whitman, M. E., & Mattord, H. J. (2016). Principles of Information Security. Cengage Learning.
2. Vacca, J. R. (2014). Computer and Information Security Handbook. Morgan Kaufmann.
3. Schneier, B. (2015). Data and Goliath: The Hidden Battles to Collect Your Data and Control Your World. W. W. Norton & Company.
4. Goodrich, M. T., & Tamassia, R. (2014). Introduction to Computer Security. Pearson Education.
5. Rouse, M. (2018). Cybersecurity. Search Security.
6. Emily Darby, and Thomas J. Holt (2017). Cybercrime and the Darknet: Revealing the Hidden Underworld of the Internet, International Journal of Cyber Criminology.
7. Bishop, M. (2003). Computer Security: Art and Science. Addison-Wesley.
8. Bejtlich, R. (2013). The Practice of Network Security Monitoring: Understanding Incident Detection and Response.
9. J.W. Ritti, and J. M. Chiarelli (2017). Cybersecurity Operations Handbook.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 08.

**UE :** UEF82.

**Titre de la matière :** Network Security.

**Crédits :** 5.

**Coefficient :** 4.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** This course aims to provide students with an in-depth understanding of securing networks, regardless of their type or architecture. Primary objectives include the ability to identify best practices, tools and methodologies for analyzing and evaluating network security, as well as the design and implementation of secure network architectures.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Basic concepts of computer security and digital vulnerability analysis.

#### **Contenu de la matière :**

Chapter 1: Introduction to Network Security.

- Examples of Network Architectures.
- Common Network Threats and Attacks.
- Surveillance and Prevention.
- Threat Analysis (Tools).
- Network Security Standards.

Chapter 2: Network Security Infrastructures.

- Virtual LAN (VLAN).
- Access Security (Firewall, WAF, Proxy, NAC).
- Server Security.
- Intrusion Prevention and Detection Systems (IDPS).
- Demilitarized Zones (DMZ).
- Virtual Private Networks (VPN).
- Principles and methods for designing a secure network architecture.

Chapter 3: Network Security Policies and Approaches.

- Zero Trust solution.
- SIEM (Security Information and Event Management) solutions.
- IDS/IPS (Intrusion Detection System/Intrusion Prevention System) solutions.
- Access Security.
- Vulnerability Management.
- Audit and Compliance.
- Training and Awareness.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

#### **Références bibliographiques :**

1. William Stallings, "Network Security Essentials: Applications and Standards", Pearson, 2016.
2. Razi Rais, Christina Morillo, Evan Gilman, "Zero Trust Networks: Building Secure Systems in Untrusted Networks", 2nd Edition, O'Reilly, 2024.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 08.

**UE :** UEF82.

**Titre de la matière :** Wireless and Mobile Network Security.

**Crédits :** 5.

**Coefficient :** 3.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** This course aims to provide students with an in-depth understanding of securing networks, regardless of their type or architecture. Primary objectives include the ability to identify best practices, tools and methodologies for analyzing and evaluating network security, as well as the design and implementation of secure network architectures.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Basic concepts of computer security and digital vulnerability analysis.

**Contenu de la matière :**

1. Wireless network security.

- 1.1. Encryption of Wifi networks.
- 1.2. Threats to Wifi networks.
- 1.3. Bluetooth attacks.
- 1.4. Wireless Network Vulnerabilities.
- 1.5. Securing Wireless Networks.
  - The WEP protocol and its vulnerabilities.
  - The 802.1X protocol and network access control.
  - The 802.11i/WPA Enterprise protocol.
  - Identity and access management (IAM) strategies for wireless networks.
- 1.6. Secure configuration of wireless access points (APs).
- 1.7. Secure deployment of wireless networks.
- 1.8. Implementation of wireless network security policies.

2. Mobile network security.

- 2.1. Mobile security threats.
- 2.2 Linux Kernel level security.
  - Linux permissions.
  - Linux capabilities.
  - SELinux: Security Enhanced Linux.
  - Other features.
- 2.3 Security at Dalvik level.
  - Permissions at Dalvik level.
  - Dalvik code signing.
- 2.4 User-level security.
  - The lock screen.
  - Multi-user support.
  - Management of secret and private keys.
  - Certificate management.
- 2.5 Storage security.
  - Data encryption.
  - Secure boot.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

## **Références bibliographiques :**

1. William Stallings, 5G Wireless: A Comprehensive Introduction, Addison-Wesley Professional, 2021.
2. Khaldoun Al Agha, Guy Pujolle, Tara Ali-Yahiya, 'Mobile and Wireless Networks', Wiley, 2016.
3. Steve Rackley, 'Wireless Networking Technology: From Principles to Successful Implementation', Newnes, 2007.
4. Jennifer (JJ) Minella, Wireless Security Architecture: Designing and Maintaining Secure Wireless for Enterprise, Wiley 2022.
5. Hardeep Singh, Kali Linux Wireless Pentesting and Security for Beginners, 2023.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 08.

**UE :** UEM8.

**Titre de la matière :** Identity & Access Management.

**Crédits :** 2.

**Coefficient :** 1.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** Identity and access management encompasses the tools and processes that are used to verify the identity of users and employees, authorize their access to defined resources (applications, tools, data), and monitor their actions.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Basic concepts on identification and access rules.

**Contenu de la matière :**

Chapter 1: Introduction to Identity and Access Management (IAM).

- Definitions and fundamental concepts.
- Importance of IAM in IT security.

Chapter 2: IAM Basics.

- Authentication and authorization.
- Identity management: creation, modification, deletion.
- Access management: rights and permissions.

Chapter 3: IAM Models.

- Centralized model vs. decentralized.
- Role-Based Access Control model (RBAC).
- Attribute-Based Access Control model (ABAC).

Chapter 4: IAM Technologies and Tools.

- LDAP directory.
- ID Management systems (IDM).
- Privileged Access Management (PAM) solutions.
- Multi-Factor Authentication solutions (MFA).
- On-premises deployment vs. in the Cloud.
- Integration with existing applications and services.
- Compliance and regulatory considerations.

Chapter 6: Emerging Trends in IAM.

- Adaptive IAM.
- Integration of IAM with AI and Machine Learning.
- Evolution towards a zero-trust approach.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. "NIST Special Publication 800-63: Digital Identity Guidelines" du National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) (2020).
2. "IAM Maturity Model: A Framework for Identity and Access Management", Gartner (2018).

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 08.

**UE :** UEM8.

**Titre de la matière :** Secure Software Development.

**Crédits :** 3.

**Coefficient :** 2.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** This course aims to provide students with an in-depth understanding of the fundamental principles of software security from the design phase. It also allows learners to acquire skills in integrating security throughout the software development lifecycle (DevSecOps). At the end of this subject, the student is expected to be able to implement management practices effective security in software development, deployment and maintenance.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Software development approaches and basic notions of IT security.

**Contenu de la matière :**

Chapter 1: Introduction to Software Security.

- Fundamentals of software security.
- Importance of security from the design phase.
- Evolving security practices in software development.

Chapter 2: Security by Design.

- Security principles by design.
- Integration of security into software development processes.
- Threat modeling and risk assessment.

Chapter 3: DevSecOps: Integrating Security into Development and Operations.

- Concepts and principles of DevSecOps.
- Security Automation in DevOps Pipelines.
- Continuous vulnerability and patch management.

Chapter 4: Security Practices in Software Development.

- Static and dynamic code analysis for vulnerability detection.
- Security of third-party frameworks and libraries.
- Secure cryptography methods in applications.

Chapter 5: Security Testing and Software Quality Assessment.

- Penetration testing and intrusion testing.
- Security analysis of web and mobile applications.
- Assessment of software quality from a security perspective.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. "Building Secure Software: How to Avoid Security Problems the Right Way" par John Viega et Gary McGraw.
2. "The DevOps Handbook: How to Create World-Class Agility, Reliability, & Security in Technology Organizations" par Gene Kim, Patrick Debois, John Willis, et Jez Humble.
3. "The Art of Software Security Assessment: Identifying and Preventing Software Vulnerabilities" par Mark Dowd, John McDonald, et Justin Schuh.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 08.

**UE :** UED8.

**Titre de la matière :** Innovation and Entrepreneurship.

**Crédits :** 1.

**Coefficient :** 1.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** The aim of this course is to motivate students to join the entrepreneurship world especially through the creation of viable economic and social solutions through small businesses, patents, or Startups. It continues from its predecessor.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Entrepreneurship basics from previous course.

**Contenu de la matière :**

- Overview on Entrepreneurship: Business, partnerships, and Leadership.
- Innovation.
- Invention.
- Ideate.
- Generating business ideas, design.
- Identifying business opportunities.
- The tools: SWOT, PESTEL, business model canvas.
- Marketing & communication.
- Financials of the project.
- Feasibility Study & business plan, market study.
- human resources.
- How to prepare the presentation / pitch.
- Startup and innovative project labels in Algeria: how to?
- Patents: how to write and submit a patent under Algerian Law.
- Intellectual property laws and regulations in Algeria and its relationship with software (ONDA, INAPI, CATI...).

**Mode d'évaluation :** Exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Robert Papin, La création d'entreprise, Crédit, reprise, développement, 16e édition, Dunod, 2015.
2. Eric Ries, Lean Startup: Adoptez l'innovation continue, Éditeur : PEARSON, 2015.
3. Vincent Ydé, Créer son entreprise : du projet à la réalité, Éditeur : Vuibert, 2009.
4. Peter Thiel and Blake Masters, Zero to One: Notes on Startups, or How to Build the Future, Crown Business, 2014.
5. Nader H. Asgary, Emerson A. Maccari, Heloisa C. Hollnagel, Ricardo L.P., Entrepreneurship, Innovation, and Sustainable Growth: Theory, Policy, and Practice [2 ed.], Routledge, 2024.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 08.

**UE :** UET8.

**Titre de la matière :** Multidisciplinary Project.

**Crédits :** 4.

**Coefficient :** 3.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** The aim of this subject is the immersion of students in the socio-economic environment by placing them in internships in companies. The project takes place during the second semester of the fourth year. It consists of the design and carrying out a small IT project which takes place in a company.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Everything studied during the four years.

**Progression du projet :**

The project is described through precise specifications and can cover a wide variety of themes. It is proposed and supervised by a teacher from the department and must cover at least two disciplines.

The project group must be composed of 4 to 6 students. In addition to the technical content, which will consist of the application of the knowledge acquired for the implementation of the software development cycle, emphasis will be placed on the acquisition and application of organizational and relational aspects between the members of the group, the supervisor and the host company, respecting the following points:

- Analysis and division of work,
- Distribution of workloads between group members by the supervisor.
- Circulation of information between group members,
- Setting up a work schedule,
- Periodic presentations of project progress,
- Delivery of the final products set out in the project sheet,
- Writing an internship report (between 20 and 30 pages),
- Presentation of the work carried out before an examination committee.

**Modalités d'évaluation du projet :**

The project evaluation will take the form of a score out of twenty and is based on the following criteria:

- The group submits an internship report and the software accompanied by a letter of presence in the host company.
- An examination committee composed of the supervisor, a teacher from the department and possibly a representative of the host company will examine the file in the presence of the group of students.
- The final grade is delivered to each student in the group (overall grade awarded to the team or individual in the event that it is noted that the volume of work provided by the members is unequal) according to the following scale:
  - The internship report is graded on 6 points.
  - The software is rated on 6 points.
  - The presentation and the answers to the questions are marked out of 6 points.
- (The mark awarded out of 18 is equal to the average of the marks awarded by the examination committee members).
- A continuous work mark (on 2 points) is given by the supervisor. This note will in some way validate the students' attendance at periodic meetings and compliance with the set objectives.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Exam (Project Defense).

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 09.

**UE :** UEF9.

**Titre de la matière :** Web and mobile application security.

**Crédits :** 6.

**Coefficient :** 4.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** Understand the fundamental principles and concepts of secure Web browsing, Web development architecture, the main vulnerabilities and dedicated attacks on the Web, the mechanisms and best practices for developing and configuring Web applications. Understand the role of encryption in mobile application and device security and describe common scenarios in which processes encryption is applied.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Network Security, and Digital Vulnerability Analysis.

**Contenu de la matière :**

Chapter 1: Vulnerabilities and Attack Methods.

- Different types of hackers.
- Hackers team organization and objectives.
- The intrusion phases.
- Vulnerability Analysis and Zero-day Vulnerabilities.
- Malicious code attacks.
- Social engineering attacks.
- Application attacks.

Chapter 2: Web security model.

- The web browser as an OS and an execution platform.
- Permission-based access control.
- Protocols, isolation, and communication.

Chapter 3: Web application security.

- OWASP - Top 10 attacks.
- Web application protection techniques.

Chapter 4: HTTPS Objectives and Problems.

- The SSL/TLS protocol: reminder.
- Strengthen security using HTTPS.
- Https problems: falsified certificate, mixed http/https traffic, etc.

Chapter 5: Content Security Policy (CSP).

- Web workers.
- Content Security Policies.
- Frame isolation (Sandboxed iFrames).

Chapter 6: Session tracking and authentication.

- How to authenticate a website.
- Secure state monitoring mechanism between client and server.
- Cookies and session integrity.

Chapter 7: XML and Web Services Security.

- Reminder about Web services.
- Security in XML.
- Overview of AJAX technology.
- Attacks on AJAX and defense mechanisms.

Chapter 8: Mobile Security.

- Mobile computing technologies.
- Overview of mobile computing security.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

## Références bibliographiques :

1. Mavoungou S., Kaddoum G., Taha M., and Matar G., Survey on threats and attacks on mobile networks, <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/8272037>.
2. Papageorgiou A., Strigkos M., Politou E., Alepis E., Solanas A., and Patsakis C., Security and privacy analysis of mobile health applications: the alarming state of practice, <https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/8272037>.
3. M. Oltrogge, E. Derr, C. Stransky, Y. Acar, S. Fahl, C. Rossow, G. Pellegrino, S. Bugiel, and M. Backes, "The rise of the citizen developer: Assessing the security impact of online app generators," in 2018 IEEE Symposium on Security and Privacy, SP 2018, Proceedings, 21-23 May 2018, San Francisco, California, USA, May 2018, pp. 634–647. [Online]. Available: <https://doi.org/10.1109/SP.2018.00005>.
4. M. Zalewski, The Tangled Web: A Guide to Securing Modern Web Applications, 1st ed. San Francisco, CA, USA: No Starch Press, 2011.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 09.

**UE :** UEF9.

**Titre de la matière :** Embedded Systems Security.

**Crédits :** 6.

**Coefficient :** 4.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** This subject aims to present the basic concepts of embedded systems, their security, and their specificities: reduced memory size, the need to process certain information in real time, the need to discover and control new peripherals. This subject also targets the programming of microcontrollers.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Computer architectures and machine structure.

**Contenu de la matière :**

1. Introduction to embedded systems.
2. Main characteristics of an embedded system.
3. SOC (System on Circuit).
  - The SOC industry.
  - IP blocks.
  - Integrated buses.
  - Design methods.
4. Constraints of an embedded operating system and cross-compilation.
5. Microcontrollers.
  - General information on microcontrollers.
  - PIC architecture: Example 16F84.
  - PIC programming.
  - Some simulations: Proteus....
6. The security of embedded systems.
  - Vulnerability analysis of embedded systems.
  - Hardware vulnerabilities.
  - Software and communication vulnerabilities.
  - Classification of attacks.
  - Types of attacks.
  - Security and supervision tools.
  - Secure development methodologies.
7. Case studies and applications.
  - Secure embedded networks examples in different fields: Agriculture, Home automation, industry, ..
  - Putting security concepts into practice in concrete cases.
8. Practical cases: Examples of smart card programming projects.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Emmanuel Grolleau, Jérôme Hugues, et al., Introduction aux systèmes embarqués temps réel - Fondamentaux et études de cas : Conception et mise en œuvre, Edition DUNOD, 2018.
2. Francine Krief, Les systèmes embarqués communicants : Mobilité, sécurité, Livre, Hermes Science Publications, 2008.
3. Philippe Louvel, Systèmes électroniques embarqués et transports, Livre, Dunod, 2012
4. Daniele Lacamera, Embedded Systems Architecture: Design and write software for embedded devices to build safe and connected systems, Packt Publishing, 2023.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 09.

**UE :** UEF9.

**Titre de la matière :** Digital Forensics.

**Crédits :** 6.

**Coefficient :** 3.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** This course provides students with an understanding of the fundamental process of analyzing data collected from electronic devices (including computers, media, and other digital evidence). Students will become familiar with the appropriate techniques and tools used to secure, manipulate, and preserve digital and multimedia evidence at physical crime scenes.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** IT systems, IT networking.

**Contenu de la matière :**

1. Introduction.

- 1.1 Management of IS security incidents.
- 1.2 Evidence preservation problem.
- 1.3 Incident classification: Technical failures versus natural disasters.
- 1.4 Risk assessment.
- 1.5 Forensics analysis Objective.
- 1.6 The different approaches.

2. Dead Forensics, Live Forensics.

3. Memory analysis.

- 3.1 Recovering system information.
- 3.2 Retrieving process information.
- 3.3 Retrieving file/directory information.
- 3.4 Retrieving information from networks.
- 3.5 Retrieving security information.

4. Recovery of sensitive information.

- 4.1 Recovery of WiFi keys.
- 4.2 Recovering browser passwords.
- 4.3 Microsoft tool password recovery.
- 4.5 Recovering router passwords.

5. Extracting AES keys contained in RAM.

6. Software tools (Autopsy, EnCase, etc.).

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Aitken, C.G.G., Stoney, D.A., *The use of Statistics in Forensic Science*, Ellis Horwood, Londres, 1991.
2. Ribaux, O., *La recherche et la gestion des liens dans l'investigation criminelle : le cas particulier du cambriolage*, thèse de doctorat, Institut de Police Scientifique et de Criminologie, Lausanne, 1997.
3. Robertson, B., Vignaux, G.A., *Interpreting Evidence*, John Wiley & Sons, Chichester, 1995.
4. Chuck Easttom, *Digital Forensics, Investigation, and Response*, ISSA, 2022.
5. Vashishth, Tarun, *Cyber Forensics up and Running: A hands-on guide to digital forensics tools and technique*, BPB Publications, 2023.
6. MUHIBULLAH. MOHAMMED, *Windows Forensics Analyst Field Guide: Engage in proactive cyber defense using digital forensics techniques*, Packt, 2023.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 09.

**UE :** UEM9.

**Titre de la matière :** DevOps.

**Crédits :** 5.

**Coefficient :** 3.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** Allow the student to become familiar with the concepts of software project management with DevOps, as well as its tools.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Fundamentals of software engineering and Cloud Computing.

**Contenu de la matière :**

1. Introduction to DevOps: An overview of DevOps, its history, and the problems it solves.
2. Source control management: Using tools like Git for version control, managing code repositories, and collaborating on code changes.
3. Continuous Integration (CI) and Continuous Deployment (CD): How the CI/CD pipeline helps automate the development and deployment process.
4. Docker: The basics of containerization with Docker, including building Docker images, managing containers, and deploying applications using Docker.
5. Kubernetes: Kubernetes fundamentals, including deploying Kubernetes clusters, managing workloads, and scaling applications.
6. Configuration Management: Using tools like Puppet, Chef, and Ansible to manage infrastructure and application configuration.
7. Monitoring and Logging: Using tools like Nagios, ELK Stack, and Prometheus for monitoring and logging infrastructure and applications.
8. Security: The importance of security in DevOps, including securing infrastructure, managing access, and implementing secure development practices.
9. Collaboration and Communication: The importance of communication and collaboration between development and operations teams.
10. Best Practices: The course would cover DevOps best practices, including agile development, Lean principles, and DevOps culture.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Justin Domingus et John Arundel, *Cloud Native DevOps with Kubernetes*, 2nd Edition, O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2022.
2. Mark S. Merkow, *Practical Security for Agile and DevOps*, Auerbach Publications, 2022.
3. Bradley Smith, *DevOps for the Desperate: A Hands-On Survival Guide*, No Starch Press, Inc., 2022.
4. M. Krief, *Learning DevOps: A comprehensive guide to accelerating DevOps culture adoption with Terraform, Azure DevOps, Kubernetes, and Jenkins*, Packt Publishing, 2022.
5. Stephen Chin, Melissa McKay, Ixchel Ruiz, Baruch Sadogursky, *DevOps Tools for Java Developers: Best Practices from Source Code to Production Containers*, O'Reilly Media, 2022.
6. John Knight, Nate Swenson, *The DevOps Career Handbook: The ultimate guide to pursuing a successful career in DevOps*, Packt Publishing, 2022.
7. Michelle Ribeiro, *Learning DevSecOps: Integrating Continuous Security Across Your Organization*, O'Reilly Media, 2024.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 09.

**UE :** UEM9.

**Titre de la matière :** Ethical Hacking.

**Crédits :** 3.

**Coefficient :** 2.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** This course introduces students to the fundamentals of ethical hacking, with a focus on understanding security vulnerabilities, performing penetration tests, and implementing countermeasures. Through a combination of theoretical courses and practical exercises, students will develop the skills necessary to identify and mitigate security threats within information systems.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Introduction to Operating Systems and Cybersecurity.

**Contenu de la matière :**

Chapter 1: Fundamentals of Ethical Hacking.

- 1.1. Overview of Ethical Hacking Principles and Methodologies.
- 1.2. Legal and Ethical Considerations in Penetration Testing.
- 1.3. Overview of Hacking Concepts and Hacker Classes.
- 1.4. Phases of the hacking cycle.
- 1.5. Overview of Ethical Hacking Tools.

Chapter 2: Spotting and recognition.

- 2.1. Information Gathering Techniques.
- 2.2. Network scanning and enumeration.
- 2.3. Collection of OSINT (Open-Source INTEllIGENCE).

Chapter 3: Exploration and enumeration.

- 3.1. Port exploration techniques.
- 3.2. List of services.
- 3.3. Exploring vulnerabilities with tools like Nessus and OpenVAS.

Chapter 4: System Hacking.

- 4.1. Password cracking techniques.
- 4.2. Privilege escalation.
- 4.3. Maintaining access via backdoors and rootkits.

Chapter 5: Social engineering techniques and countermeasures.

- 5.1. Introduction to Social Engineering Concepts.
- 5.2. Social engineering techniques.
- 5.3. Internal threats.
- 5.4. ID theft.
- 5.5. Countermeasures against social engineering, insider threats and identity theft.

Chapter 6: Network Attacks.

- 6.1. Packet sniffing and sniffing types.
- 6.2. Sniffing Techniques and Tools.
- 6.3. DoS/DDoS attack tools.
- 6.4. Session hijacking.

Chapter 7: Hacking Web Applications.

- 7.1. Introduction to Web Server Concepts and Attacks.
- 7.2. Attack tools and countermeasures for web servers.
- 7.3. Attack tools and countermeasures for web applications.
- 7.4. SQL Injection.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

## **Références bibliographiques :**

1. Ethical Hacking: A Hands-on Introduction to Breaking In, Daniel G. Graham, 2021.
2. Hacking: A Beginners' Guide to Computer Hacking, Basic Security, And PenetrationTesting, John Slavio, 2017.
3. Hacking: The Art of Exploitation, 2e édition, Jon Erickson, 2008.
4. Practical IoT Hacking: The Definitive Guide to Attacking the Internet of Things, Fotios Chantzis, Ioannis Stais, Paulino Calderon et al, 2021.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 09.

**UE :** UED9.

**Titre de la matière :** Project Management.

**Crédits :** 2.

**Coefficient :** 2.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** Allow the student to understand the major issues of project management. Introduce the student to the process of organization and planning. Train the student in the application of planning processes, methods and tools. Introduce the student to project management environments.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Project Notions.

**Contenu de la matière :**

1. Introduction.

- Definition of basic concepts.
- Notions of project and project management.

2. Project management models.

- Models based on deliverables.
- Risk-based models.

3. Elements of Project Management.

- Project management issues.
- Project management activities.
- The project management structure.
- Risks and project management.

4. The organization of programming teams.

- Basic organization.
- Support tools.

5. Elements of planning.

- The productivity of the programmer.
- Deadline and milestone of a project.

6. The planning process.

- Division and coordination of activities.
- Planning tools (scheduling of activities and allocation of resources).
- Planning environments (eg: MSPROJECT).

7. Estimated charges, deadlines and costs.

- Alternative options: methods.
- The precision of the size of the programs.
- Algorithmic estimation model.

8. Agile approach.

- Agile principles and methods.
- Presentation: Scrum method. XP method.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Continuous evaluation, and exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Principles of software engineering management by Tom GILB Edition Lavoisier.

2. Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach by Roger S Pressman.

Software Project Management in Practice by Pankaj Jalote.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 09.

**UE :** UED9.

**Titre de la matière :** Emerging Security Technologies.

**Crédits :** 1.

**Coefficient :** 1.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** This course will cover topics like blockchain, cryptocurrency and quantum computing and other novel tech in cybersecurity. Its main goal is, thus, to explore the cutting-edge technologies of the cybersecurity world.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Computer Security Concepts.

**Contenu de la matière :**

1. Introduction to Emerging Security Technologies.
  - 1.1. Overview of Emerging Trends in Cybersecurity.
  - 1.2. Zero-Trust Architecture (ZTA): Principles and Implementation.
  - 1.3. Manufacturer Usage Description (MUD) in Network Security.
2. Behavioral Analytics and Context-Aware Security.
  - 2.1. Understanding Behavioral Analytics for Threat Detection.
  - 2.2. Context-Aware Security: Adaptive Defense Mechanisms.
3. Advanced Encryption Techniques.
  - 3.1. Homomorphic Encryption: Theory and Applications.
  - 3.2. Cryptography in Blockchain and Cryptocurrency.
    - 3.2.1. Introduction to blockchain technology.
    - 3.2.2. Basics of blockchain cryptography.
    - 3.2.3. Consensus mechanisms (e.g., Proof of Work, Proof of Stake).
    - 3.2.4. Smart contracts and decentralized applications (DApps).
    - 3.2.5. Overview of cryptocurrency fundamentals.
    - 3.2.6. Cryptocurrency mining and transactions.
    - 3.2.7. Security challenges in cryptocurrency exchanges.
    - 3.2.8. Regulation and legal aspects of cryptocurrencies.
4. Advanced Threat Detection and Response.
  - 4.1. Elastic Log Monitoring for Large Data Sets.
  - 4.2. Extended Detection and Response (XDR) Platforms.
5. Other Novel Technologies in Cybersecurity.
  - 5.1. Biometric authentication and its security implications.
  - 5.2. Quantum Computing and its Implications for Cybersecurity.
  - 5.3. Future of Cybersecurity technologies and threats.

**Mode d'évaluation :** Exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Ramchandra Sharad Mangrulkar; Pallavi Vijay Chavan, *Blockchain Essentials: Core Concepts and Implementations*, Apress, 2024.
2. Jay Liebowitz (editor), *Cryptocurrency Concepts, Technology, and Applications*, Auerbach Publications, 2023.
3. Tom Madsen, *Zero-trust – An Introduction*, River Publishers, 2024.
4. Nirbhay Kumar Chaubey, Bhavesh B. Prajapati, *Quantum Cryptography and the Future of Cyber Security*, Information Science Reference, 2020.
5. Om Pal; Vinod Kumar; Rijwan Khan; Bashir Alam; Mansaf Alam, *Cyber Security Using Modern Technologies: Artificial Intelligence, Blockchain and Quantum Cryptography*, CRC Press ,2023.

**Spécialité :** Computer Security.

**Semestre :** 09.

**UE :** UET9.

**Titre de la matière :** Academic Communication and Research.

**Crédits :** 1.

**Coefficient :** 1.

**Objectifs de l'enseignement :** The aim of this subject is to introduce students to the writing of scientific reports (articles, reports, theses, etc.) and the oral presentation of national and international scientific communications.

**Connaissances préalables recommandées :** Mastery of the used language.

**Contenu de la matière :**

- Principles of scientific communication.
- Publication modes: Article, Patent, Thesis, Book, Poster, Oral...
- Sources of full-text bibliographic information (the SNDL system, open access, archives, etc.).
- Structure of the different scientific publications (Articles, theses, oral presentation, etc.).
- Ethics in scientific research in Computer Science (Plagiarism, self-plagiarism, generative AI like chatGPT, etc.)
- Document preparation systems (LaTex) and bibliographic reference styles (APA, IEEEtran...etc).
- Bibliography management tools (Zotero, Mendely, EndNote, Bibtex...etc).

**Mode d'évaluation :** Exam.

**Références bibliographiques :**

1. Jean-Marie Dubois, La rédaction scientifique : mémoires et thèses : formes régulières et par articles, Estem, 2005.
2. Michèle Lenoble-Pinson, La rédaction scientifique : conception, rédaction, présentation, signalétique, De Boeck Université, 1996.
3. Christine Gérard, Jean Germain, Recherche bibliographique et documentaire : généralités » Faculté de philosophie et Lettres, 1985.
4. Beaud, Michel. L'art de la thèse. La Découverte, 2020.
5. Stefan Kottwitz, LaTeX Beginner's Guide: Create visually appealing texts, articles, and books for business and science using LaTeX, 2nd Edition, Packt Publishing, 2021.

## **IV- Accords / Conventions**

**(Champ obligatoire)**

**V – Curriculum Vitae succinct**  
**De l'équipe pédagogique mobilisée pour la spécialité**  
**(Interne et externe)**  
*(selon modèle ci-joint)*

## VI - Avis et Visas des Organes Administratifs et Consultatifs

### Comité Scientifique de département

Avis et visa du Comité Scientifique :

Date :

Favorable  
جامعة بليدة وحدة خاصية  
ليس للجنة العلمية لقسم الأعماق المائية

### Conseil Scientifique de la Faculté (ou de l'institut)

Avis et visa du Conseil Scientifique :

Date :

Favorable

Présidente du Conseil Scientifique  
de la Faculté des Sciences  
Pr. A.B.E.D Hafida

### Doyen de la faculté (ou Directeur d'institut)

Avis et visa du Doyen ou du Directeur :

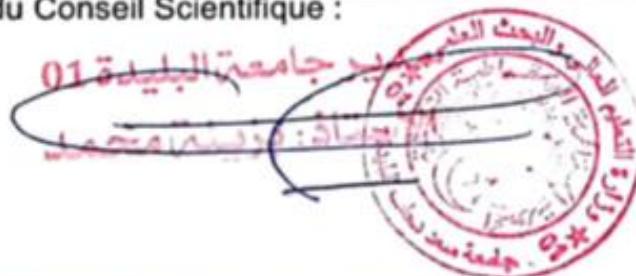
Date :



### Conseil Scientifique de l'Université (ou du Centre Universitaire)

Avis et visa du Conseil Scientifique :

Date :



**VII – Avis et Visa de la Conférence Régionale  
(Uniquement dans la version définitive transmise au MESRS)**

**VIII – Avis et Visa du Comité pédagogique National de Domaine  
(Uniquement dans la version définitive transmise au MESRS)**